

1. A bus framer comprising:

an engine which extracts information from a frame of data being transmitted over a time-division multiplexed bus; and

a processor which retrieves the information from the  
5 engine over an internal bus and forwards the information.

2. The bus framer of claim 1, further comprising:

a mapper which maps the frame of data on the time-division multiplexed bus to a read/write bus; and

10 a functional module which receives data from the read/write bus and which handles the data.

3. The bus framer of claim 2, wherein the time-division multiplexed bus, the internal bus, and the read/write bus all  
15 run off the same clock.

4. The bus framer of claim 1, further comprising:

a storage medium for storing the information in a database; and

20 an interface module which provides a link to an external device;

wherein the processor forwards the information to at least one of the storage medium and the interface module.

5. The bus framer of claim 1, further comprising:

a framing engine which generates the frame and outputs the frame to the time-division multiplexed bus.

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6. The bus framer of claim 5, wherein the framing engine stores the frame in memory prior to outputting the frame, the frame in memory comprising:

10 a data structure having blocks arranged in N rows and M columns, where N and M are integers that are greater than one, a block including data corresponding to a destination port and a time slot for the data.

15 7. The bus framer of claim 1, wherein the engine comprises one of (a) a signaling engine which extracts signaling information from the frame, (b) an alarms engine which extracts alarm codes from the frame, (c) a facility data link engine which extracts messages from the frame, and (d) an overhead engine which extracts overhead bits from the frame.

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8. The bus framer of claim 2, wherein the functional module comprises one of (a) a scalar high-speed bus, (b) a slip buffer which stores data temporarily to accommodate

frequency and phase differences between a clock of the bus  
framer and external clock domains, (c) a system backplane with  
a connection to an external device, (d) a bit error rate  
testing generator/analyzer, and (e) a high-speed data link  
5 controller.

9. The bus framer of claim 1, further comprising:  
a read/write bus;  
plural functional modules which communicate with the  
10 engine via the read/write bus; and  
an arbiter which regulates access of the plural  
functional modules to the read/write bus.

10. The bus framer of claim 9, wherein the arbiter  
15 grants a first of the plural functional modules access to the  
read/write bus in a first bus cycle, and grants a second of  
the plural functional modules access to the read/write bus in  
a second bus cycle, the second bus cycle immediately following  
the first bus cycle.

11. A method comprising:

using an engine to extract information from a frame of data being transmitted over a time-division multiplexed bus; and

5 retrieving the information from the engine over an internal bus and forwarding the information.

12. The method of claim 11, further comprising:

mapping the frame of data on the time-division multiplexed bus to a read/write bus; and

10 forwarding the frame of data, over the read/write bus, to a functional module which handles the data.

13. The method of claim 12, wherein the time-division multiplexed bus, the internal bus, and the read/write bus all  
15 run off the same clock.

14. The method of claim 11, further comprising:

storing the information in a database on a storage  
20 medium;

wherein the information is forwarded to at least one of the storage medium and an external device.

15. The method of claim 11, further comprising:  
generating the frame; and  
outputting the frame to the time-division multiplexed  
bus.

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16. The method of claim 15, further comprising  
storing the frame in memory prior to outputting the frame, the  
frame in memory comprising:

10 a data structure having blocks arranged in N rows and M  
columns, where N and M are integers that are greater than one,  
a block including data corresponding to a destination port and  
a time slot for the data.

15 17. The method of claim 11, wherein the engine comprises  
one of (a) a signaling engine which extracts signaling  
information from the frame, (b) an alarms engine which  
extracts alarm codes from the frame, (c) a facility data link  
engine which extracts messages from the frame, and (d) an  
overhead engine which extracts overhead bits from the frame.

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18. The method of claim 12, wherein the functional  
module comprises one of (a) a scalar high-speed bus, (b) a  
slip buffer which stores data temporarily to accommodate

frequency and phase differences between an internal clock and external clock domains, (c) a system backplane with a connection to an external device, (d) a bit error rate testing generator/analyzer, and (e) a high-speed data link controller.

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19. The method of claim 11, further comprising:  
regulating access of plural functional modules to a read/write bus over which communications are exchanged with the engine.

20. The method of claim 19, wherein regulating comprises:

granting a first of the plural functional modules access to the read/write bus in a first bus cycle; and

granting a second of the plural functional modules access to the read/write bus in a second bus cycle, the second bus cycle immediately following the first bus cycle.

21. An article comprising a machine-readable medium that stores executable instructions, the instructions causing a machine to:

extract information from a frame of data being transmitted over a time-division multiplexed bus; and

retrieve the information over an internal bus and forward the information.

22. The article of claim 21, further comprising  
5 instructions to:

map the frame of data on the time-division multiplexed bus to a read/write bus; and

forward the frame of data, over the read/write bus, to a functional module which handles the data.

10 23. The article of claim 22, wherein the time-division multiplexed bus, the internal bus, and the read/write bus all run off the same clock.

15 24. The article of claim 21, further comprising instructions to:

store the information in a database on a storage medium;  
wherein the information is forwarded to at least one of the storage medium and an external device.

20 25. The article of claim 21, further comprising instructions to:

generate the frame; and

output the frame to the time-division multiplexed bus.

26. The article of claim 25, further comprising instructions to store the frame in memory prior to outputting the frame, the frame in memory comprising:

a data structure having blocks arranged in N rows and M columns, where N and M are integers that are greater than one, a block including data corresponding to a destination port and a time slot for the data.

27. The article of claim 21, wherein the information is extracted using an engine, the engine comprising one of (a) a signaling engine which extracts signaling information from the frame, (b) an alarms engine which extracts alarm codes from the frame, (c) a facility data link engine which extracts messages from the frame, and (d) an overhead engine which extracts overhead bits from the frame.

28. The article of claim 22, wherein the functional module comprises one of (a) a scalar high-speed bus, (b) a slip buffer which stores data temporarily to accommodate frequency and phase differences between an internal clock and external clock domains, (c) a system backplane with a



connection to an external device, (d) a bit error rate testing generator/analyzer, and (e) a high-speed data link controller.

29. The article of claim 21, further comprising  
5 instructions to:

regulate access of plural functional modules to a read/write bus over which communications are exchanged with the engine.

30. The article of claim 29, wherein regulating  
10 comprises:

granting a first of the plural functional modules access to the read/write bus in a first bus cycle; and

granting a second of the plural functional modules access  
15 to the read/write bus in a second bus cycle, the second bus cycle immediately following the first bus cycle.